Table 4: Origin of respondents used to compile our empirical population. *In brackets*: Institutionalized respondents among those (For the sampling designs of most countries in the first wave, see Klevmarken et al. 2005).

	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 4	Wave 5	Wave 6	Total
Austria	315	366	902	1,226	3,310	6,119
	(6)	(13)	(43)	(31)	(58)	(151)
Germany	1,195	1,086	496	1,363	4,285	8,425
	(13)	(27)	(8)	(45)	(54)	(147)
Sweden	607	706	334	985	3,788	6,420
	(31)	(50)	(30)	(36)	(67)	(214)
Netherlands	837	881	517	3,977	-	6,212
	(82)	(75)	(58)	(198)	(-)	(413)
Spain	515	498	483	1,428	5,416	8,340
	(13)	(9)	(14)	(29)	(61)	(126)
Italy	598	653	760	1,050	5,126	8,187
	(16)	(5)	(17)	(22)	(36)	(96)
France	638	766	1,365	1,271	3,796	7,836
	(15)	(21)	(31)	(29)	(56)	(152)
Denmark	300	659	270	756	3,608	5,593
	(26)	(62)	(24)	(43)	(79)	(234)
Greece	292	1,251	-	-	4,777	6,320
	(5)	(55)	(-)	(-)	(2)	(62)
Switzerland	226	366	654	441	2,717	4,404
	(5)	(14)	(24)	(24)	(57)	(124)
Belgium	737	816	996	1,239	5,628	9,416
	(11)	(24)	(69)	(61)	(155)	(320)
Israel	501	430	-	709	1,862	3,502
	(10)	(35)	(-)	(21)	(35)	(101)
Czech Republic	- ()	1,283	1,079	1,180	4,732	8,274
	(-)	(28)	(21)	(44) 500	(76)	(169) 2,039
Luxembourg	- ()	- ()	-	(22)	1,539 (30)	(52)
	(-)	(-)	(-) 917	1,135	5,527	7,579
Estonia	(-)	- (-)	(15)	(13)	(52)	(80)
Total	6,761	9,761	8,773	17,260	56,111	98,666
	(233)	(418)	(354)	(618)	(818)	(2,441)
	(233)	(418)	(334)	(010)	(010)	(2,441)

Table 5: Operationalization of all variables used in the empirical analysis

Variable	Operationalization in our analysis
Index on limitations in ADL	Count variable, reaching from 0 (no limitations) to 9 limitations with the
	following items:
	ADL: Dressing, including putting on shoes and socks; Walking across a room;
	Bathing or showering; Eating, such as cutting up your food; Getting in or
	out of bed; Using the toilet, including getting up or down;
	IADL: Making telephone calls; Taking medications; Managing money,
	such as paying bills and keeping track of expenses
Self-rated health	1 = Poor, $2 = Fair$, $3 = Good$, $4 = Very good$, and $5 = Excellent$
Age	1 = 50 to 59 years, $2 = 60$ to 69 years, $3 = 70$ to 79 years, $4 = 80$ to 89 years, and
	5 = older than 90 years
Gender	0 = male, 1 = female
Institutionalization	0 = Community-dwelling respondents, $1 = $ Institutionalized respondents